

**WIRE & WIRE PRODUCTS** 

**ESTABLISHED IN 1964** 



Quarterly Report Q2 2017 Since 1964, Tree Island Steel Ltd. has been making products from steel wire for a diverse range of customers for industrial, construction, agricultural, and specialty applications.

Our products include galvanized wire, bright wire, a broad array of fasteners, including packaged, collated and bulk nails, stucco reinforcing products, concrete reinforcing mesh, fencing, and other fabricated wire products. We market these products under the Tree Island®, Halsteel®, True Spec®, K-Lath®, TI Wire®, and Tough Strand® brand names.

Listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX"), our shares trade under the symbol TSL.

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San Bernardino Facility

# **MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

June 30, 2017 and 2016

The following is a discussion of the financial condition and results of operations of Tree Island Steel Ltd. ("Tree Island Steel" or the "Company") and its wholly owned operating subsidiary Tree Island Industries Limited (together with Tree Island Steel, referred to as "Tree Island"). This discussion is current to August 3, 2017 and should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017. Tree Island Steel's unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IFRS") applicable to the preparation of financial statements and are reported in Canadian dollars. Additional information relating to Tree Island Steel, including the audited consolidated financial statements and Annual Information Form ("AIF") for the year ended December 31, 2016, can be found at www.sedar.com or on Tree Island Steel's website at www.treeisland.com.

### 1 FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS AND RISK

This management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") includes forward-looking information with respect to Tree Island Steel, including our business, operations and strategies, as well as financial performance and conditions. The use of forward-looking words such as, "may," "will," "expect" or similar variations generally identify such statements. Any statements that are not statements of historical fact should be considered to be forward-looking statements. Although we believe that the forward-looking statements are reasonable, they involve risks and uncertainties, including the risks and uncertainties discussed under the heading "Risks Relating to the Company's Business" in the Company's AIF for the year ended December 31, 2016.

The forward-looking statements contained herein reflect management's current beliefs and are based upon certain assumptions that management believes to be reasonable based on the information currently available to management. By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, and a number of factors could cause actual events or results to differ materially from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements. In evaluating these statements, prospective investors should specifically consider various factors including the risks outlined herein under the heading "Risk Factors" which may cause actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statement. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: general economic, market and business conditions, the cyclical nature of our business and demand for our products, financial condition of our customers, competition, volume and price pressure from import competition, deterioration in the Company's liquidity, disruption in the supply of raw materials, volatility in the costs of raw materials, transportation costs, foreign exchange fluctuations, leverage and restrictive covenants, labour relations, trade actions, dependence on key personnel and skilled workers, intellectual property risks, energy costs, un-insured loss, credit risk, operating risk, management of growth, changes in tax, environmental and other legislation, and other risks and uncertainties set forth in our publicly filed materials.

This MD&A has been reviewed by the Board of Directors of Tree Island and its Audit Committee, and contains information that is current as of the date of this MD&A, unless otherwise noted. Events occurring after that date could render the information contained herein inaccurate or misleading in a material respect. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on this forward-looking information and management of Tree Island undertakes no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise except as required by applicable securities law.

# 2 NON-IFRS MEASURES

References in this MD&A to "EBITDA" are to operating income and adding back depreciation and foreign exchange gains or losses. EBITDA is a measure used by many investors to compare companies on the basis of ability to generate cash flows from operations. EBITDA is not a measure recognized by IFRS and does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS. We believe that EBITDA is an important supplemental measure for evaluating our performance. You are cautioned that EBITDA should not be construed as an alternative to net income or loss determined in accordance with IFRS, nor should it be used as an indicator of performance, cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities, as a measure of liquidity or cash flows. Our method of calculating EBITDA may differ from methods used by other issuers and, accordingly, our EBITDA may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers.

### 3 TREE ISLAND STEEL LTD.

Tree Island Steel is the successor to Tree Island Wire Income Fund and was incorporated under the laws of Canada on August 2, 2012 to affect the conversion from an income trust to a corporate entity. The units of Tree Island Wire Income Fund were converted into common shares of the Company ("Shares") upon conversion.

There were 30,742,273 Shares outstanding as of June 30, 2017 and as of August 3, 2017 the same amount of Shares were outstanding.

### 3.1 ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

Our corporate structure has the following primary entities: Tree Island Industries Limited ("TII Canada") which is our Canadian operating company as well as the ultimate parent company to our operations in the United States which are managed through our US operating subsidiary, Tree Island Wire (USA) Inc. ("TI USA").

### 3.2 PRODUCTS

Tree Island is a manufacturer and supplier of premium quality wire products for a broad range of applications. Our goal is to match the appropriate wire product with our customers' needs. We achieve this by manufacturing most of our products at our own manufacturing facilities, while outsourcing others from qualified manufacturers. We market these products to customers in Canada, the United States and internationally.

We market our products under the following brands:













Our manufactured products offer: consistent, high quality that meet or exceed customers' needs, ASTM standards and applicable codes; broad range of applications; short lead times; technical support and excellent customer service.

The products we source from other suppliers are generally limited to commodity items, or items we do not produce. Products within this group meet general industry specifications, but are not customized to individual customer requirements. Outsourced products allow us to enhance our relationship with those customers that require competitively priced commodity products. These products typically create complementary pull through for our manufactured products. As a service to our customers, we also use our network of suppliers world-wide to source commodity wire products and direct ship to our customers.

### 3.3 MARKETS

The following summarizes the markets, key product groups, the specific end-use markets, and regions we serve with our products<sup>1</sup>:

| Markets                     | Brand   | Key Product Groups  | Specific End-Use<br>Markets  | Regions                            |
|-----------------------------|---|---|--|------------------------------------|
| Industrial                  | Tree Island®,<br>TI Wire®                             | Bright/galvanized/annealed low and high carbon wire           | Wire fabricating,<br>industrial applications,<br>OEM manufacturing | North America and International    |
| Residential<br>Construction | Tree Island®,<br>Halsteel®,<br>K-Lath®,<br>True Spec® | Collated, bulk and packaged nails Stucco reinforcing mesh     | Construction and renovation for new and existing homes             | North America<br>and International |
| Commercial<br>Construction  | Tree Island®,<br>TI Wire®                             | Welded wire reinforcement mesh Concrete reinforcing products  | Commercial construction, mining, infrastructure projects           | North America<br>and International |
| Agricultural                | Tree Island®,<br>Tough Strand®                        | Game fence and farm fence<br>Vineyard wire and barbed<br>wire | Agriculture, farming   | North America                      |

### 3.4 **SEASONALITY**

Our operations are impacted by the seasonal nature of the various industries we serve, primarily the construction and agriculture industries. Accordingly, revenues, sales volumes and operating results for interim quarters are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full fiscal year and fourth quarter results are traditionally lower than other quarters due to the onset of winter and the corresponding reduction in construction and agricultural activities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> On September 30, 2016, the Company divested the stainless business assets, which included the Industrial Alloys® brand, to a strategic purchaser whose primary focus is in stainless steel manufacturing. As of October 1, 2016, the Company no longer offered products under the Industrial Alloys® brand.

# 4 2017 BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND DEVELOPMENT

### 4.1 BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Rod suppliers, domestically and interntionally, implemented price increases starting in Q4 2016 and implemented subsequent increases in Q1 and Q2 of 2017. Further, the importation of rod into the US has been limited as a result of various trade cases and trade actions, either completed or under review. However, the increase in input costs has not yet fully translated into corresponding increases in the prices of finished goods for the end markets we serve as competitors continue to aggressively price end market products. The competitive pricing environment along with the rising prices of raw materials and softer than expected demand continue to place pressure on the margins earned in the end markets we serve.

For Q2 2017 revenues declined by 6.0% when compared to the same period last year to \$61.5 million as a result of the absence of sales from the stainless product lines, which was divested in Q3 2016. After excluding revenues generated from the stainless product lines from the comparison, revenues increased slightly in Q2 2017 when compared to the same period last year. With market pricing in the end markets we serve increasing at a slower pace than raw material cost increases, the gross margin earned during the quarter was 9.7% compared to 17.6% during the same period last year. Subsequently, gross profit for Q2 2017 of \$5.9 million was 48.4% less than the same period last year. EBITDA earned in Q2 2017 was \$2.4 million compared to \$7.9 million for Q2 2016.

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 total revenues of \$124.5 million was 2.5% less than the same period last year. Excluding the stainless product lines from the comparison, revenues increased year-over-year on a year-to-date basis by 4.3%. Gross profit earned for 2017 year-to-date amounted to \$13.4 million and the gross margin was 10.8% compared to the gross profit earned during the same period last year of \$22.5 million and a gross margin of 17.7%. The lower gross profit and gross margin relative to last year is a direct result of the rapid increase in raw material prices and the disproportionately slower increase of the market prices in the end markets we serve. Our ability to manage our SG&A costs helped to partially offset the decline in gross profit, resulting in an EBITDA during the first six months of 2017 amounting to \$6.6 million, approximately \$8.0 million less than the same period last year.

### 4.2 US TRADE CASE AGAINST CARBON AND CERTAIN ALLOY STEEL WIRE ROD

The Commerce Department initiated a trade case against wire rod from 10 countries on behalf of US domestic producer plaintiffs Gerdau, Nucor, Keystone, and Charter Steel. The countries being investigated are Belarus, Italy, Russia, South Africa, South Korea, Spain, Turkey, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, and the UK. Since May 12, 2017, imports from these countries have effectively been shut out until duties are announced. The Commerce Department will determine preliminary duties in August for anti-dumping and will determine preliminary countervailing duties in September.

A final determination is expected in spring of 2018. There are currently duties on wire rod into the US from Brazil, China, Indonesia, Mexico, Moldova, and Trinidad.

# 4.3 US SECTION 232 TRADE EXPANSION ACT

On April 20, 2017, the US administration issued an executive order directing the Commerce Department to investigate whether imports of foreign steel are harming US national security. The directive will fall under Section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, which allows the US president to restrict trade of a good if such trade is determined to be harmful to US national security.

The US imports 30 million metric tons of steel from over 90 countries with top suppliers including Canada, Mexico, Russia, Brazil, Turkey, and Germany. There have been no official indications about the countries or products targeted or the means of limiting imports either by tariffs or quotas or a combination of both.

#### 5 **RESULTS FROM OPERATIONS**

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

| (\$ 000 amess otherwise stated)                           | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |             | Six Mont<br>June |             |  |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|--|
|   | 2017                           | 2016        | 2017             | 2016        |  |
| Revenue   | 61,455                         | 65,384      | 124,495          | 127,624     |  |
| Cost of sales   | (54,694)                       | (53,033)    | (109,422)        | (103,438)   |  |
| Depreciation  | (818)                          | (827)       | (1,634)          | (1,653)     |  |
| Gross profit  | 5,943                          | 11,524      | 13,439           | 22,533      |  |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses              | (4,325)                        | (4,812)     | (8,547)          | (9,695)     |  |
| Operating income  | 1,618                          | 6,712       | 4,892            | 12,838      |  |
| Foreign exchange gain (loss)                              | (61)                           | 319         | 36               | 79          |  |
| Gain (loss) on sale of property, plant and equipment      | (27)                           | -           | (74)             | -           |  |
| Changes in financial instruments recognized at fair value | 246                            | 380         | 256              | 830         |  |
| Financing expenses  | (725)                          | (721)       | (1,436)          | (1,437)     |  |
| Income before income taxes                                | 1,051                          | 6,690       | 3,674            | 12,310      |  |
| Income tax (expense) recovery                             | (316)                          | (330)       | (1,189)          | (723)       |  |
| Net income  | 735                            | 6,360       | 2,485            | 11,587      |  |
| Operating income  | 1,618                          | 6,712       | 4,892            | 12,838      |  |
| Add back depreciation                                     | 818                            | 827         | 1,634            | 1,653       |  |
| Foreign exchange gain (loss)                              | (61)                           | 319         | 36               | 79          |  |
| EBITDA <sup>2</sup>                                       | 2,375                          | 7,858       | 6,562            | 14,570      |  |
|   | 2,373                          | 7,030       | 0,302            | 11,370      |  |
| Net income per share - basic (\$/share)                   | 0.02                           | 0.20        | 0.08             | 0.37        |  |
| Dividends per share (\$/share)                            | 0.02                           | 0.02        | 0.02             | 0.02        |  |
| Sales volume (tons) <sup>3</sup>                          | 45,636                         | 50,997      | 96,972           | 95,765      |  |
| Gross profit per ton (\$/ton)                             | 130                            | 226         | 139              | 235         |  |
| EBITDA per ton (\$/ton)                                   | 52                             | 154         | 68               | 152         |  |
| Financial Position as at:                                 | Jur                            | ne 30, 2017 | Decemb           | er 31, 2016 |  |
| Total assets  |                                | 150,660     |                  | 137,455     |  |
| Total non-current financial liabilities                   |                                | 18,869      |                  | 19,090      |  |

# COMPARISON OF RESULTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED **JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016**

| (\$'000 unless otherwise stated) | Q2 2017 | Q2 2016 | Variance I | av/(Unfav) |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------|------------|------------|
| SALES                            | 61.455  | 65.384  | (3.929)    | (6.0%)     |

The decrease in sales revenue year-over-year is due primarily to the absence of the stainless product line as softer market demand from the construction sector was offset by the increase in revenues from the industrial and agricultural sectors. Excluding the specialty product lines from the comparison to last year, revenues for the quarter were slightly better. Price increases implemented earlier in the year and during Q2 2017 have resulted in higher

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See definition of EBITDA in Section 2 NON-IFRS MEASURES.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sales volumes excludes tons which were processed as part of tolling arrangements.

prices when compared to the same period last year though the price increases are not fully reflective of the increase in prices implemented by the US domestic rod suppliers. The slower growth in prices is a direct result of the increase in prices for products in the end market we serve being tempered by aggressive pricing from competitors.

### **Revenue by Market Segment**

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

| Dayanua % of Total          | A ma a |
|-----------------------------|--------|
| 2016                        | V      |
| Three Months Ended June 30, |        |

|                        | 2017    |            | 2016      |            |   | Variance      |          |
|------------------------|---------|------------|-----------|------------|---|---------------|----------|
|                        | Revenue | % of Total | Revenue   | % of Total |   | <u>Amount</u> | <u>%</u> |
|                        |         |            |           |            |   |               |          |
| Industrial             | 22,070  | 35.9%      | 20,639    | 31.6%      |   | 1,431         | 6.9%     |
| Residential            | 18,686  | 30.4%      | 21,032    | 32.2%      |   | (2,346)       | (11.2%)  |
| Commercial             | 12,192  | 19.8%      | 12,090    | 18.5%      |   | 102           | 0.8%     |
| Agricultural           | 8,507   | 13.8%      | 7,467     | 11.4%      |   | 1,040         | 13.9%    |
| Specialty <sup>4</sup> | -       | 0.0%       | <br>4,156 | 6.4%       | _ | (4,156)       | (100.0%) |
| Total revenue          | 61,455  | 100.0%     | 65,384    | 100.0%     |   | (3,929)       | (6.0%)   |
|                        |         |            | <br>•     |            | _ |               | • ′      |

During Q2 2017 revenues generated in Canada were lower than the prior year due largely to fewer shipments as a result of softer demand from the construction and industrial markets. Excluding the speciality product lines from the comparison, revenues generated in the US improved relative to the same period last year, which is reflective of the price increases implemented during 2017.

### **Revenue by Location**

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

Three Months Ended June 30,

| 2017           |                                     | 2016  |  | Varia  | nce  |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| <u>Revenue</u> | % of Total                          | Revenue   | % of Total   | Amount   | <u>%</u>   |
| 39,088         | 63.6%                               | 42,464  | 64.9%  | (3,376)  | (8.0%)   |
| 19,724         | 32.1%                               | 21,170  | 32.4%  | (1,446)  | (6.8%)   |
| 2,643          | 4.3%                                | 1,750   | 2.7%   | 893  | 51.0%  |
| 61,455         | 100.0%                              | 65,384  | 100.0%   | (3,929)  | (6.0%)   |
| 1.3443         |                                     | 1.2888  |  |  |  |
| tated)         | Q2 2017                             | Q2 201  | 16   | Variance Fav/(l  | Jnfav)   |
|                | 55,512                              | 53,860  | 0  | (1,652)  | (3.1%)   |
|                | 39,088<br>19,724<br>2,643<br>61,455 | Revenue       % of Total         39,088       63.6%         19,724       32.1%         2,643       4.3%         61,455       100.0%         1.3443         tated)       Q2 2017 | Revenue         % of Total         Revenue           39,088         63.6%         42,464           19,724         32.1%         21,170           2,643         4.3%         1,750           61,455         100.0%         65,384           1.3443         1.2888           tated)         Q2 2017         Q2 201 | Revenue         % of Total         Revenue         % of Total           39,088         63.6%         42,464         64.9%           19,724         32.1%         21,170         32.4%           2,643         4.3%         1,750         2.7%           61,455         100.0%         65,384         100.0%           1.3443         1.2888           tated)         Q2 2017         Q2 2016 | Revenue         % of Total         Revenue         % of Total         Amount           39,088         63.6%         42,464         64.9%         (3,376)           19,724         32.1%         21,170         32.4%         (1,446)           2,643         4.3%         1,750         2.7%         893           61,455         100.0%         65,384         100.0%         (3,929)           1.3443         1.2888 |

The cost of goods sold (including depreciation) increased due to an increase in raw material costs, which is reflective of the price increases implemented by US domestic rod suppliers, the general increase in international rod prices and a stronger US currency on average during the quarter when compared to the same period last year.

| (\$'000 unless otherwise stated) | Q2 2017 | Q2 2016 | Variance F | av/(Unfav) |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------|------------|------------|
| GROSS PROFIT                     | 5,943   | 11,524  | (5,581)    | (48.4%)    |

Gross profit for the three months amounted to \$5.9 million versus \$11.5 million during the same period in 2016 due to the continued impact of average selling prices lagging the rapid increase in input costs earlier in the year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> On September 30, 2016, the Company divested the stainless business assets, which included the Industrial Alloys® brand, to a strategic purchaser whose primary focus is in stainless steel manufacturing. As of October 1, 2016, the Company no longer offered products under the Industrial Alloys® brand.

# **Gross Profit**

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

| Three | Month | าร End | led Jun | e 30, |
|-------|-------|--------|---------|-------|
|-------|-------|--------|---------|-------|

| _                                | 2017                                |            | 20              | 2016       |               | / (Unfav) |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------------|------------|---------------|-----------|
| _                                | Gross                               | _          | Gross           | _          |               |           |
|                                  | <u>Profit</u>                       | % of Total | <u>Profit</u>   | % of Total | <u>Amount</u> | <u>%</u>  |
| US\$ gross profit <sup>5</sup>   | 3,345                               | 56.3%      | 6,512           | 56.5%      | (3,167)       | (48.6%)   |
| C\$ gross profit                 | 2,598                               | 43.7%      | 5,012           | 43.5%      | (2,414)       | (48.2%)   |
| Total gross profit               | 5,943                               | 100.0%     | 11,524          | 100.0%     | (5,581)       | (48.4%)   |
| Average C\$/US\$                 | 1.3443                              |            | 1.2888          |            |               |           |
| (\$'000 unless otherwise stated) | ed) Q2 2017 Q2 2016 Variance Fav/(U |            | iance Fav/(Unfa | av)        |               |           |
| SG&A EXPENSES                    |                                     | 4,325      | 4,812           | 487        | 10            | .1%       |

The decrease in SG&A expenses are the result of lower compensation related items when compared to prior year. Our focus continues to remain on managing our costs.

| (\$'000 unless otherwise stated) | Q2 2017 | Q2 2016 | Variance Fav/(Unfav) |         |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------|----------------------|---------|
| EBITDA                           | 2,375   | 7,858   | (5,483)              | (69.8%) |

EBITDA earned for the quarter is inclusive of the foreign exchange loss in the quarter. The decrease in EBITDA is primarily impacted by the lower gross profit realized in the quarter.

| (\$'000 unless otherwise stated) | Q2 2017 | Q2 2016 | Variance | Fav/(Unfav) |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------|----------|-------------|
| FINANCING EXPENSES               | 725     | 721     | (4)      | (0.6%)      |

Financing costs are consistent with the prior period.

### **Financing Expenses**

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

Three Months Ended June 30,

|                                    |             | Three Months | s Ended June 30, |             |
|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|
|                                    |             |              | Variance Fa      | v / (Unfav) |
|                                    | <u>2017</u> | <u>2016</u>  | <u>Amount</u>    | <u>%</u>    |
| Non-cash financing expenses        | 291         | 286          | (5)              | (1.7%)      |
| Interest on senior credit facility | 252         | 155          | (97)             | (62.6%)     |
| Other interest and financing costs | 170         | 268          | 98               | 36.6%       |
| Deferred financing costs           | 12          | 12           | -                | 0.0%        |
| Total financing expenses           | 725         | 721          | (4)              | (0.6%)      |
|                                    |             |              |                  |             |

| (\$'000 unless otherwise stated) | Q2 2017 | Q2 2016 | Variance | Fav/(Unfav) |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------|----------|-------------|
| FOREIGN EXCHANGE GAIN (LOSS)     | (61)    | 319     | (380)    | (119.1%)    |

Our Canadian operation, whose functional currency is Canadian dollar, has a portion of its assets, liabilities, sales and expenses denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar, in particular the US dollar. With raw material costs being denominated in US dollar, having a significant portion of our sales also being denominated in US dollar creates a natural partial hedge. Foreign currency forward contracts are used to manage a portion of the remaining currency risk. Foreign exchange gains and losses are unpredictable in nature and therefore can vary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> After foreign exchange translation.

significantly over time. As at June 30, 2017, the total notional value of US dollar currency forward contracts outstanding was US\$4.7 million.

| (\$'000 unless otherwise stated) | Q2 2017 | Q2 2016 | Variance | Fav/(Unfav) |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------|----------|-------------|
| INCOME TAX RECOVERY (EXPENSE)    | (316)   | (330)   | 14       | 4.2%        |

In Q2 2017 an income tax expense of \$316k was booked compared to tax expense of \$330k for Q2 2016. The income tax expense was made up of a \$555k deferred tax expense and a \$239k of current income tax recovery. In the prior period we were able to utilize tax benefits to reduce taxable income. The income tax expense is based on a statutory rate of 26% for Canadian taxable income and 31% for US based taxable income applied to the income of the respective subsidiaries before taxes, with adjustments for permanent differences between accounting and taxable income.

| (\$'000 unless otherwise stated) | Q2 2017 | Q2 2016 | Variance I | Fav/(Unfav) |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------|------------|-------------|
| NET INCOME                       | 735     | 6,360   | (5,625)    | (88.4%)     |

The decrease in net income over the prior year is attributable to the lower operating income on account of lower realized gross profit due to the narrow spread between selling prices and raw material costs.

# COMPARISON OF RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED **JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016**

| (\$'000 unless otherwise stated) | YTD 2017 | YTD 2016 | Variance Fa | av/(Unfav) |
|----------------------------------|----------|----------|-------------|------------|
| SALES                            | 124,495  | 127,624  | (3,129)     | (2.5%)     |

The decrease in year-to-date revenues over the prior year is attributable to the absence of the stainless product lines, partially offset by the stronger growth in revenues during Q1 2017. Excluding the Specialty product lines from the comparison against last year, revenues improved by 4.3%. Higher prices earned when compared to last year helped to offset the softer demand from the industrial and construction markets.

### **Revenue by Market Segment**

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

| Six Months Ended June 30, |
|---------------------------|
| 2016                      |

|               | 20:     | 2017       |         | 2016       |               | Variance |  |
|---------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|---------------|----------|--|
|               | Revenue | % of Total | Revenue | % of Total | <u>Amount</u> | <u>%</u> |  |
| Industrial    | 43,941  | 35.3%      | 40,470  | 31.7%      | 3,471         | 8.6%     |  |
| Residential   | 38,731  | 31.1%      | 39,752  | 31.1%      | (1,021)       | (2.6%)   |  |
| Commercial    | 22,389  | 18.0%      | 22,542  | 17.7%      | (153)         | (0.7%)   |  |
| Agricultural  | 19,434  | 15.6%      | 16,595  | 13.0%      | 2,839         | 17.1%    |  |
| Specialty     | -       | 0.0%       | 8,265   | 6.5%       | (8,265)       | (100.0%) |  |
| Total revenue | 124,495 | 100.0%     | 127,624 | 100.0%     | (3,129)       | (2.5%)   |  |

Softer demand from the end markets we serve in the US was offset by the increase in prices. However, the absence of the stainless product lines resulted in the decline in total revenues generated in the US. The increase in revenues in Canada when compared to last year is a result of the strength in revenue growth experienced in Q1 2017.

### **Revenue by Location**

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

| Six I | Months   | Fnded  | June 30  |
|-------|----------|--------|----------|
| 21/   | VIOLICIS | LIIUCU | Julie 30 |

|               |         |            | Six IVIOIICIIS EII | aca sanc so, |               |          |  |
|---------------|---------|------------|--------------------|--------------|---------------|----------|--|
|               | 20      | 2017       |                    | 2016         |               | Variance |  |
|               | Revenue | % of Total | Revenue            | % of Total   | <u>Amount</u> | <u>%</u> |  |
| United States | 76,386  | 61.4%      | 82,456             | 64.6%        | (6,070)       | (7.4%)   |  |
| Canada        | 43,249  | 34.7%      | 41,300             | 32.4%        | 1,949         | 4.7%     |  |
| International | 4,860   | 3.9%       | 3,868              | 3.0%         | 992           | 25.6%    |  |
| Total         | 124,495 | 100.0%     | 127,624            | 100.0%       | (3,129)       | (2.5%)   |  |
|               |         |            |                    |              |               |          |  |

Average C\$/US\$ 1.3339 1.3276

| (\$'000 unless otherwise stated) | YTD 2017 | YTD 2016 | Variance F | av/(Unfav) |
|----------------------------------|----------|----------|------------|------------|
| COST OF SALES                    | 111,056  | 105,091  | (5,965)    | (5.7%)     |

Cost of sales amounted to 89.2% of revenues compared to 82.3% last year as a result of the increase in raw material costs, particularly for rod. The cost of conversion, as a percentage of revenues, is generally in-line with that of prior year.

| (\$'000 unless otherwise stated) | YTD 2017 | YTD 2016 | Variance F | av/(Unfav) |
|----------------------------------|----------|----------|------------|------------|
| GROSS PROFIT                     | 13,439   | 22,533   | (9,094)    | (40.4%)    |

Gross profit for the six months amounted to \$13.4 million versus \$22.5 million during the same period in 2016 due to the continued impact of average selling prices lagging the rapid increase in input costs earlier in the year. Gross margin for the six months was 10.8% compared to 17.7% the year prior.

# **Gross Profit**

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

| Civ | Mantha   | Fodod | June 30 |
|-----|----------|-------|---------|
| SIX | IVIONTNS | Ended | lune 30 |

|                    |               | Six Months Ended June 30 , |               |            |                        |          |  |  |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------------------|---------------|------------|------------------------|----------|--|--|
|                    | 20            | )17                        | 2016          |            | Variance Fav / (Unfav) |          |  |  |
|                    | Gross         | _                          | Gross         |            | _                      |          |  |  |
|                    | <u>Profit</u> | % of Total                 | <u>Profit</u> | % of Total | <u>Amount</u>          | <u>%</u> |  |  |
| US\$ gross profit  | 7,635         | 56.8%                      | 13,547        | 60.1%      | (5,912)                | (43.6%)  |  |  |
| C\$ gross profit   | 5,804         | 43.2%                      | 8,986         | 39.9%      | (3,182)                | (35.4%)  |  |  |
| Total gross profit | 13,439        | 100.0%                     | 22,533        | 100.0%     | (9,094)                | (40.4%)  |  |  |
| Average C\$/US\$   | 1.3339        |                            | 1.3276        |            |                        |          |  |  |

| (\$'000 unless otherwise stated) | YTD 2017 | YTD 2016 | D 2016 Variance Fav/(U |       |  |
|----------------------------------|----------|----------|------------------------|-------|--|
| SG&A EXPENSES                    | 8,547    | 9,695    | 1,148                  | 11.8% |  |

The decrease in SG&A expenses is a result of our focus to manage costs and lower compensation related items when compared to the prior year.

| (\$'000 unless otherwise stated) | YTD 2017 | YTD 2016 | Variance F | av/(Unfav) |
|----------------------------------|----------|----------|------------|------------|
| EBITDA                           | 6,562    | 14,570   | (8,008)    | (55.0%)    |

EBITDA earned for the six months is inclusive of the foreign exchange loss in the period. The decrease in EBITDA is primarily impacted by the lower gross profit realized.

| (\$'000 unless otherwise stated) | YTD 2017 | YTD 2016 | Variance Fav/(Unfav) |      |  |
|----------------------------------|----------|----------|----------------------|------|--|
| FINANCING EXPENSES               | 1,436    | 1,437    | 1                    | 0.1% |  |

### **Financing Expenses**

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

|                                    | Six Months Ended June 30, |             |        |          |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|--------|----------|--|--|--|
|                                    | Variance Fav / (Unfa      |             |        |          |  |  |  |
|                                    | <u>2017</u>               | <u>2016</u> | Amount | <u>%</u> |  |  |  |
| Non-cash financing expenses        | 579                       | 587         | 8      | 1.4%     |  |  |  |
| Interest on senior credit facility | 485                       | 355         | (130)  | (36.6%)  |  |  |  |
| Other interest and financing costs | 348                       | 471         | 123    | 26.1%    |  |  |  |
| Deferred financing costs           | 24                        | 24          | -      | 0.0%     |  |  |  |
| Total financing expenses           | 1,436                     | 1,437       | 1      | 0.1%     |  |  |  |

Our financing expenses are consistent with the prior year.

| (\$'000 unless otherwise stated) | YTD 2017 | YTD 2016 | Variance Fav/(Unfav) |         |  |
|----------------------------------|----------|----------|----------------------|---------|--|
| FOREIGN EXCHANGE GAIN            | 36       | 79       | (43)                 | (54.4%) |  |

Our Canadian operation, whose functional currency is Canadian dollar, has a portion of its assets, liabilities, sales and expenses denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar, in particular the US dollar. With raw material costs being denominated in US dollar, having a significant portion of our sales also being denominated in US dollar creates a natural partial hedge. Foreign currency forward contracts are used to manage a portion of the remaining currency risk. Foreign exchange gains and losses are unpredictable in nature and therefore can vary significantly over time. As at June 30, 2017, the total notional value of US dollar currency forward contracts outstanding was US\$4.7 million.

| (\$'000 unless otherwise stated) | YTD 2017 | YTD 2016 | Variance Fav/(Unfav) |         |  |
|----------------------------------|----------|----------|----------------------|---------|--|
| INCOME TAX EXPENSE               | (1,189)  | (723)    | (466)                | (64.5%) |  |

For the six months ended June 30, 2017 an income tax expense of \$1.2 million was booked compared to tax expense of \$0.7 million for the same period in 2016. In the prior period we were able to utilize tax benefits to reduce taxable income. The income tax expense is based on a statutory rate of 26% for Canadian taxable income and 31% for US based taxable income applied to the income of the respective subsidiaries before taxes, with adjustments for permanent differences between accounting and taxable income.

| (\$'000 unless otherwise stated) | YTD 2017 | YTD 2016 | Variance F | av/(Unfav) |
|----------------------------------|----------|----------|------------|------------|
| NET INCOME                       | 2,485    | 11,587   | (9,102)    | (78.6%)    |

The decrease in net income over the prior year is attributable to the lower operating income on account of lower realized gross profit due to the narrow spread between selling prices and raw material costs.

# 8 FINANCIAL CONDITION AND LIQUIDITY

#### 8.1 WORKING CAPITAL

### **Working Capital**

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

|  | As at June 30, |          |  |
|--|----------------|----------|--|
|  | 2017           | 2016     |  |
|  |                |          |  |
| Cash                                     | 2,560          | 1,844    |  |
| Accounts receivable                      | 31,896         | 36,003   |  |
| Inventories                              | 67,044         | 55,622   |  |
| Other current assets                     | 5,811          | 4,308    |  |
| Total current assets                     | 107,311        | 97,777   |  |
| Senior credit facility                   | (40,123)       | (22,764) |  |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | (18,391)       | (17,725) |  |
| Dividends payable                        | (615)          | (622)    |  |
| Other current liabilities                | (245)          | (2,787)  |  |
| Current portion of long term debt        | (4,267)        | (3,783)  |  |
| Total current liabilities                | (63,641)       | (47,681) |  |
| Not working capital                      | 42.670         | E0 006   |  |
| Net working capital                      | 43,670         | 50,096   |  |

Our business requires an ongoing investment in working capital, comprised primarily of accounts receivable and inventories, financed primarily by credit in the form of our senior credit facility and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Our largest investment in working capital is in our inventories. We have arrangements with our key suppliers to provide us with financing for the purchase of the raw materials needed for our operations.

Our investment in working capital fluctuates from quarter-to-quarter based on factors such as seasonal sales demand, strategic purchasing decisions taken by management, and the timing of collections from customers and payments made to our suppliers. The construction and agricultural markets are seasonal in nature. As a result, sales and working capital requirements may be higher in the first three quarters when demand is historically highest.

Accounts receivable as at June 30, 2017 was \$4.1 million less than last year, reflecting the lower sales revenues relative to last year. The increase in the senior credit facility reflects the increase in the value of inventories which increased due to the rising costs of raw materials.

Our objective for managing the investment in working capital is to maximize the turnover of productive current assets, being accounts receivable and inventories. We manage our cash to keep utilization of our senior credit facility as low as practicable to maintain borrowing capacity for when it is needed and to reduce ongoing interest costs. We also work with our key vendors to use vendor credit when available on advantageous terms.

We manage our inventories with an emphasis on a continuous inflow of raw materials to meet our production needs balanced with strategic purchases. We have also established processes to regularly adjust the levels of finished goods stocked in our warehouses so that we can both satisfy customer needs, growth requirements and meet our objective of minimizing inventories on hand. The increase in the value of inventory is predominantly due to the rising costs of raw materials, which also translates into higher values for finished goods in inventory.

We manage our accounts receivable and the related credit risk by focusing on well-established customers with favourable credit profiles. The credit worthiness of customers is assessed using credit scores supplied by a third

party and through direct monitoring of their financial well-being on a continual basis. We have established guidelines for customer credit limits and when thresholds in these areas are reached, appropriate precautions are taken to improve collectability. We maintain provisions for potential credit losses (allowance for doubtful accounts) and such losses to date have been within our expectations.

### 8.2 CASH FLOW

### **Cash Flow**

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

| (\$ 000 aniess otherwise stated)                    |                    |         |                  |         |
|---|--------------------|---------|------------------|---------|
|   | Three Months Ended |         | Six Months Ended |         |
|   | June 3             | 30,     | June             | 30,     |
|   | 2017               | 2016    | 2017             | 2016    |
| Cash provided by (used in) operating activities     | 2,312              | 7,847   | 6,210            | 13,690  |
| Working capital adjustments                         | (684)              | (1,696) | (6,448)          | (3,636) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | 1,628              | 6,151   | (238)            | 10,054  |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | (1,098)            | (701)   | (4,178)          | (1,129) |
| Advance on (repayment of) senior term loans         | (440)              | (437)   | (879)            | (730)   |
| Repayment of long-term debt                         | (1,151)            | (1,071) | (1,627)          | (1,661) |
| Other payables                                      | 54                 | -       | 338              | (736)   |
| Interest paid                                       | (421)              | (327)   | (825)            | (774)   |
| Advance on (repayment of) senior revolving facility | 3,010              | (3,894) | 11,177           | (3,791) |
| Dividend payment                                    | (615)              | (311)   | (1,236)          | (622)   |
| Share buyback                                       | (8)                | (35)    | (1,357)          | (67)    |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | 429                | (6,075) | 5,591            | (8,381) |
| Exchange rate changes on foreign cash balances      | (26)               | 1       | 34               | (26)    |
| Increase (decrease) in cash balances                | 933                | (624)   | 1,209            | 518     |
|   |                    |         |                  |         |

For the three months ended June 30, 2017 net cash was used for working capital requirements as noted above. The net cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was for capital maintenance activities and deposits for manufacturing equipment.

### 8.3 SENIOR CREDIT FACILITY

The Company has a senior secured committed banking facility, maturing in April of 2019, which enables the Company to borrow up to \$60.0 million in Canadian and/or US funds. Interest payable on funds borrowed in Canadian currency is at variable rates based on the Canadian interbank bid rates for Canadian dollar banker's acceptance and interest payable on funds borrowed in US currency is at variable rates based on the London Inter-Market Offered Rate ("Libor") for US dollar deposits. The amount advanced under the senior credit facility at any time is limited to a defined percentage of inventories, accounts receivable, machinery and equipment, and real estate, less certain reserves. The senior credit facility is secured by a first charge over Tree Island's assets supported by the appropriate guarantees, pledges and assignments, and requires that certain covenants be met by Tree Island.

The senior credit facility has defined covenants, primarily a quarterly test whereby the Company is required to meet a defined fixed charge coverage ratio if the availability on the senior credit facility falls below a certain threshold ("Availability Test"). In addition, there are other restrictive covenants that limit the discretion of management with respect to certain business matters.

As at June 30, 2017 the availability was in excess of the availability test and the Company was in compliance with its covenants on the senior credit facility.

### 8.4 LONG TERM DEBT AGREEMENTS

Tree Island entered into a Second Amendment to the long-term debt agreement ("Agreement") on June 11, 2012. Under the terms of this Agreement, the total principal debt amount of approximately US\$15.8 million is to be repaid monthly over a ten year amortization period. Interest is non-compounding, will be accrued on a declining balance starting in June 2017 and is payable over a four year period beginning June 2024 (see Note 9 in the interim financial statements).

### 9 CAPITAL EXPENDITURES AND CAPACITY

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, we made capital expenditures of \$1.1 million and for the year-to-date we made capital expenditures of \$4.2 million. These expenditures were for capital maintenance activities and deposits for manufacturing equipment. As noted in section 10 of this MD&A there are a further \$4.0 million in capital equipment commitments in 2017. The capital assets we have committed to are expected to be delivered throughout 2017 and prior to the end of the fiscal year with commissioning of the equipment generally taking between one month to three months after arrival.

# 10 CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2017, we were committed to the contracts, operating leases and debt repayments (including scheduled interest payments on interest bearing debt) set out below, which will be financed through working capital and our senior credit facility.

### **Contractual Obligations and Commitments**

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

| ()                                | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> | <u>2020</u> | <u>2021</u> | <u>Thereafter</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Production materials              | 30,918      | -           | -           | -           | -           | -                 | 30,918       |
| Machinery and equipment           | 3,987       | -           | -           | -           | -           | -                 | 3,987        |
| Operating leases                  | 1,556       | 2,115       | 2,064       | 1,767       | 1,709       | 18,771            | 27,982       |
| Total commitments                 | 36,461      | 2,115       | 2,064       | 1,767       | 1,709       | 18,771            | 62,887       |
|                                   |             |             |             |             |             |                   |              |
| Senior revolving facility         | 40,123      | -           | -           | -           | -           | -                 | 40,123       |
| AP and accrued liabilities        | 18,391      | -           | -           | -           | -           | -                 | 18,391       |
| Other current liabilities         | 245         | -           | -           | -           | -           | -                 | 245          |
| Dividends                         | 615         | -           | -           | -           | -           | -                 | 615          |
| Senior term loans                 | 1,750       | 1,750       | 1,750       | 6,201       | -           | -                 | 11,451       |
| Long-term debt                    | 2,517       | 1,869       | 2,459       | 2,881       | 2,273       | 4,821             | 16,820       |
| Total financial liabilities       | 63,641      | 3,619       | 4,209       | 9,082       | 2,273       | 4,821             | 87,645       |
|                                   |             |             |             |             |             |                   |              |
| Total obligations and commitments | 100,102     | 5,734       | 6,273       | 10,849      | 3,982       | 23,592            | 150,532      |

The production materials include raw materials, such as wire rod and zinc, and finished goods. The raw materials are used in the day-to-day operations of our manufacturing facilities and are in the normal course of our business activities. Finished goods are purchased for resale without further processing and are also in the normal course of our business activities. All committed production materials are to be delivered prior to the end of 2017.

From time to time, we make investments to update, replace or make additions to our existing capital assets, which includes, but is not limited to, the buildings we occupy and capital equipment. These investments are in the normal course of our business activity. For the capital assets we have committed to purchase but have not yet received, amounts remaining to be paid are purchase commitments.

We have leases for facilities and equipment that are considered to be operating leases for accounting purposes and as such are not recorded on the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Company enters into US dollar currency forward contracts for periods consistent with a portion of US dollar currency transaction exposures, generally from one to three months. These are not designated as cash flow, fair value or net investment hedges. As of June 30, 2017, the total notional value of US dollar currency forward contracts outstanding was US\$4.7 million and the fair value mark to market loss on the contracts was \$269k.

# 11 SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY FINANCIAL RESULTS

### **Summary of Quarterly Financial Results**

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

| Jun 30,     | Mar 31,   | Dec 31,   | Sep 30,  | Jun 30,   | Mar 31,  | Dec 31,   | Sep 30,  |
|-------------|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| <u>2017</u> | <u>2017</u>   | <u>2016</u>   | <u>2016</u>  | <u>2016</u>   | <u>2016</u>  | <u>2015</u>   | <u>2015</u>  |
|             |   |   |  |   |  |   |  |
| 61,455      | 63,040  | 45,903  | 57,726   | 65,384  | 62,240   | 54,274  | 61,408   |
| 5,943       | 7,496   | 5,295   | 9,583  | 11,521  | 11,009   | 5,933   | 9,815  |
| (61)        | 97  | (282)   | (172)  | 319   | (240)  | 127   | 152  |
| 2,375       | 4,187   | 1,032   | 5,369  | 7,857   | 6,712  | 1,815   | 6,197  |
| 735         | 1,750   | (711)   | 2,687  | 6,360   | 5,226  | 5,523   | 6,445  |
| 0.02        | 0.06  | (0.02)  | 0.09   | 0.20  | 0.17   | 0.18  | 0.21   |
|             |   |   |  |   |  |   |  |
| 130         | 146   | 148   | 220  | 226   | 246  | 152   | 226  |
| 52          | 82  | 29  | 123  | 154   | 150  | 47  | 143  |
|             | 2017<br>61,455<br>5,943<br>(61)<br>2,375<br>735<br>0.02 | 2017 2017  61,455 63,040 5,943 7,496 (61) 97 2,375 4,187 735 1,750 0.02 0.06  130 146 | 2017         2017         2016           61,455         63,040         45,903           5,943         7,496         5,295           (61)         97         (282)           2,375         4,187         1,032           735         1,750         (711)           0.02         0.06         (0.02)           130         146         148 | 2017         2017         2016         2016           61,455         63,040         45,903         57,726           5,943         7,496         5,295         9,583           (61)         97         (282)         (172)           2,375         4,187         1,032         5,369           735         1,750         (711)         2,687           0.02         0.06         (0.02)         0.09           130         146         148         220 | 2017         2017         2016         2016         2016         2016           61,455         63,040         45,903         57,726         65,384           5,943         7,496         5,295         9,583         11,521           (61)         97         (282)         (172)         319           2,375         4,187         1,032         5,369         7,857           735         1,750         (711)         2,687         6,360           0.02         0.06         (0.02)         0.09         0.20           130         146         148         220         226 | 2017         2017         2016         2016         2016         2016         2016         2016           61,455         63,040         45,903         57,726         65,384         62,240           5,943         7,496         5,295         9,583         11,521         11,009           (61)         97         (282)         (172)         319         (240)           2,375         4,187         1,032         5,369         7,857         6,712           735         1,750         (711)         2,687         6,360         5,226           0.02         0.06         (0.02)         0.09         0.20         0.17           130         146         148         220         226         246 | 2017         2017         2016         2016         2016         2016         2016         2016         2015           61,455         63,040         45,903         57,726         65,384         62,240         54,274           5,943         7,496         5,295         9,583         11,521         11,009         5,933           (61)         97         (282)         (172)         319         (240)         127           2,375         4,187         1,032         5,369         7,857         6,712         1,815           735         1,750         (711)         2,687         6,360         5,226         5,523           0.02         0.06         (0.02)         0.09         0.20         0.17         0.18           130         146         148         220         226         246         152 |

The table above provides selected quarterly financial information for the eight most recent fiscal quarters to June 30, 2017. Sales volume in the last quarter of the year has traditionally been the lowest in the year due to the seasonality of our business and the markets we sell to. Quarter-over-quarter results may also be impacted by unusual or infrequently occurring items.

In Q3 and Q4 of 2015, an income tax recovery was realized and related to the utilization of previously recognized deferred tax benefits, primarily from the Canadian operations.

These financial results are not necessarily indicative of results for any future period and should not be relied upon to predict future performance.

# 12 ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND STATEMENTS

Certain of our accounting policies involve critical accounting estimates that require us to make subjective or complex judgments about matters that are inherently uncertain and because of the likelihood that materially different amounts could be reported under differing conditions or using different assumptions. We evaluate these estimates and assumptions regularly.

Our significant accounting policies are described in Note 3 of the December 31, 2016 audited consolidated financial statements, the Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2016 and Note 3 to the June 30, 2017 interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

# 12.1 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The areas that we consider to have critical accounting estimates are: financial instruments valued at fair value through profit and loss, inventory valuation, allowance for doubtful accounts, property, plant and equipment, and income taxes. These critical estimates and the judgments involved are discussed further in the audited consolidated financial statements for December 31, 2016 (Note 3).

# 13 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

### 13.1 TRANSACTIONS WITH ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

The Futura Corporation ("Futura") is considered to be a related party to the Company because of its Share ownership interest and the fact that Mr. Doman, the sole shareholder and president of Futura, and Mr. Rosenfeld, the Executive Vice President of Futura, sit on the Board of Directors.

Based on Tree Island Steel's outstanding Shares as at August 3, 2017, Futura owns 27.8% of the fully diluted Shares of the Company.

In addition, Mr. Doman is Chairman and CEO of CanWel Building Materials Group Ltd. ("CanWel"). For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, Tree Island sold, net of rebates, approximately \$0.7 million and \$2.0 million respectively (\$0.7 million and \$1.7 million respectively in 2016) of goods to CanWel and trade accounts receivable owing from CanWel as at June 30, 2017 is approximately \$0.2 million (approximately \$0.1 million in 2016). Outstanding trade accounts receivable from CanWel at period end are unsecured, interest free and settlement occurs in cash.

### 13.2 TRANSACTIONS WITH KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

Included in the definition of key management for purposes of disclosure of related party transactions are members of Board of Directors and officers of Tree Island Steel. Amounts for key management personnel for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 was approximately \$0.5 million and \$1.6 million respectively (approximately \$0.4 and \$1.8 million respectively in 2016) which includes wages, salaries, other compensation paid in the period (if any) and social security contributions, paid annual and sick leave, vehicle costs and bonuses. It also includes directors' fees paid to members of the Board.

### 14 RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Investment in Tree Island Steel is subject to a number of risks. Our income is dependent upon the wire products business, which is susceptible to a number of risks. A detailed discussion of our significant business risks is provided in the 2016 Annual Information Form under the heading "Risk Factors" which can be found at www.sedar.com.

# 15 DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Our management is responsible for designing disclosure controls and procedures that: (a) provide reasonable assurance that material information required to be disclosed by us is accumulated and communicated to management to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure; and (b) ensure that information required to be disclosed by us is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in applicable securities legislation.

Our management is responsible for designing, establishing, and maintaining an adequate system of internal control over financial reporting. Our internal control system was designed based on the 2013 Internal Control – Integrated Framework ("2013 COSO Framework") published by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes, in accordance with IFRS.

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer certified the appropriateness of the financial disclosures in the interim financial report together with the other financial information included in the interim filings for the period ended June 30, 2017. These executives also certified that they are responsible for the design of disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting. There have been no changes in internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2017 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

The Company's Board of Directors and Audit Committee reviewed and approved the June 30, 2017 unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and this MD&A prior to its release.

# INTERIM UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017 and 2016

### NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102 "Continuous Disclosure Obligations", Part 4, Subsection 4.3(3a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Tree Island Steel Ltd. have been prepared by and are the responsibility of Tree Island Steel Ltd.'s management.

Tree Island Steel Ltd.'s independent auditor, Ernst & Young LLP, has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

August 3, 2017

# INTERIM UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017 and 2016

# INTERIM UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

| (\$1000 unless otherwise stated)                      | A+ l 20        | D 24         |
|---|----------------|--------------|
|   | As at June 30, | December 31, |
|   | 2017           | 2016         |
| Cash  | 2,560          | 1,351        |
| Accounts receivable (Note 5)                          | 31,896         | 24,463       |
| Inventories (Note 6)                                  | 67,044         | 67,268       |
| Prepaid expenses                                      | 5,740          | 4,231        |
| Income taxes recoverable                              | 71             | -            |
| Current assets  | 107,311        | 97,313       |
| Property, plant and equipment (Note 7)                | 42,320         | 39,611       |
| Deferred income tax asset                             | 860            | 417          |
| Other non-current assets                              | 169            | 114          |
| Total assets  | 150,660        | 137,455      |
| Senior revolving facility (Note 8.1)                  | 40,123         | 28,941       |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities              | 18,391         | 15,363       |
| Income taxes payable                                  | -              | 269          |
| Other current liabilities                             | 245            | 237          |
| Dividends payable                                     | 615            | 621          |
| Current portion of long-term borrowing (Notes 8.2, 9) | 4,267          | 4,361        |
| Current liabilities                                   | 63,641         | 49,792       |
| Senior term loans (Note 8.2)                          | 9,701          | 10,612       |
| Long-term debt (Note 9)                               | 6,377          | 7,652        |
| Other non-current liabilities                         | 1,130          | 826          |
| Deferred income tax liability                         | 1,661          |              |
| Total liabilities                                     | 82,510         | 68,882       |
| Shareholders' equity                                  | 68,150         | 68,573       |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity            | 150,660        | 137,455      |

See accompanying Notes to the Interim Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Approved on behalf of Tree Island Steel Ltd.

[Signed]

"Amar S. Doman" "Dale R. Maclean"

Chairman of the Board of Directors Director, President and Chief Executive Officer

# INTERIM UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

| (\$ 000 arriess other wise stated)                   |             |             |            |            |
|--|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|
|  | Three Mor   | nths Ended  | Six Mont   | hs Ended   |
|  | June        | e 30,       | June       | e 30,      |
|  | <u>2017</u> | <u>2016</u> | 2017       | 2016       |
| Sales  | 61,455      | 65,384      | 124,495    | 127,624    |
| Cost of sales (Note 6)                               | (54,694)    | (53,033)    | (109,422)  | (103,438)  |
| Depreciation   | (818)       | (827)       | (1,634)    | (1,653)    |
| Gross profit   | 5,943       | 11,524      | 13,439     | 22,533     |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses         | (4,325)     | (4,812)     | (8,547)    | (9,695)    |
| Operating income                                     | 1,618       | 6,712       | 4,892      | 12,838     |
| Foreign exchange gain (loss)                         | (61)        | 319         | 36         | 79         |
| Gain (loss) on sale of property, plant and equipment | (27)        | -           | (74)       | -          |
| Changes in financial liabilities at fair value       | 246         | 380         | 256        | 830        |
| Financing expenses (Note 10)                         | (725)       | (721)       | (1,436)    | (1,437)    |
| Income before income taxes                           | 1,051       | 6,690       | 3,674      | 12,310     |
| Income tax recovery (expense) (Note 13)              | (316)       | (330)       | (1,189)    | (723)      |
| Net income   | 735         | 6,360       | 2,485      | 11,587     |
| Net income per share (Note 17)                       | 0.02        | 0.20        | 0.08       | 0.37       |
| Weighted average number of shares (Note 17)          | 30,743,312  | 31,098,136  | 30,884,026 | 31,096,596 |

# INTERIM UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

|  |       | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |             | Ended<br>0, |
|--|-------|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
|  | 2017  | <u>2016</u>                    | <u>2017</u> | <u>2016</u> |
| Net income for the year                    | 735   | 6,360                          | 2,485       | 11,587      |
| Unrealized income (loss) on FX translation | (237) | 97                             | (321)       | (944)       |
| Comprehensive income                       | 498   | 6,457                          | 2,164       | 10,643      |

See accompanying Notes to the Interim Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

# INTERIM UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

|                                   | Shareholders' | Retained  | Accumulated<br>Other           |         |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------|--------------------------------|---------|
|                                   | Capital       | Earnings  | Comprehensive<br>Income (Loss) | Total   |
|                                   | ·             |           | • •                            |         |
| Balance as at December 31, 2016   | 230,423       | (159,528) | (2,322)                        | 68,573  |
| Repurchase of shares              | (1,349)       | -         | -                              | (1,349) |
| Net income                        | -             | 1,750     | -                              | 1,750   |
| Dividends                         | -             | (615)     | -                              | (615)   |
| Other comprehensive income        | _             |           | (84)                           | (84)    |
| Balance as at March 31, 2017      | 229,074       | (158,393) | (2,406)                        | 68,275  |
| Repurchase of shares              | (8)           | -         | -                              | (8)     |
| Net income                        | -             | 735       | -                              | 735     |
| Dividends                         | -             | (615)     | -                              | (615)   |
| Other comprehensive income        |               | -         | (237)                          | (237)   |
| Balance as at June 30, 2017       | 229,066       | (158,273) | (2,643)                        | 68,150  |
|                                   |               |           |                                |         |
| Balance as at December 31, 2015   | 230,568       | (170,920) | (1,832)                        | 57,816  |
| Repurchase of shares              | (32)          | -         | -                              | (32)    |
| Net Income                        | -             | 5,227     | -                              | 5,227   |
| Dividends                         | -             | (311)     | -                              | (311)   |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | _             | -         | (1,041)                        | (1,041) |
| Balance as at March 31, 2016      | 230,536       | (166,004) | (2,873)                        | 61,659  |
| Repurchase of shares              | (36)          | -         | -                              | (36)    |
| Net income                        | -             | 6,361     | -                              | 6,361   |
| Dividends                         | -             | (622)     | -                              | (622)   |
| Other comprehensive income        |               |           | 97                             | 97      |
| Balance as at June 30, 2016       | 230,500       | (160,265) | (2,776)                        | 67,459  |

See accompanying Notes to the Interim Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

# INTERIM UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

| 2 000 uniess otherwise stateu)                            | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |         | Six Months<br>June 3 |         |
|---|--------------------------------|---------|----------------------|---------|
| _   | <u>2017</u>                    | 2016    | 2017                 | 2016    |
| Net income  | 735                            | 6,360   | 2,485                | 11,587  |
| Depreciation  | 818                            | 827     | 1,634                | 1,653   |
| Changes in financial liabilities recognized at fair value | (246)                          | (380)   | (256)                | (830)   |
| Loss (gain) on sale of property, plant and equipment      | -                              | -       | 47                   | _       |
| Amortization and write-off of deferred financing          | 12                             | 12      | 24                   | 24      |
| Non-cash accretion of long term debt                      | 260                            | (15)    | 549                  | 286     |
| Net financing costs                                       | 453                            | 724     | 863                  | 1,127   |
| Deferred income tax expense (recovery)                    | 555                            | 330     | 1,187                | 711     |
| Exchange revaluation of foreign denominated debt          | (275)                          | (11)    | (323)                | (868)   |
| Working capital adjustments                               |                                |         |                      |         |
| Accounts receivable                                       | 4,109                          | (1,527) | (7,312)              | (8,510) |
| Inventories   | (2,980)                        | 122     | 155                  | 4,064   |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities                  | (856)                          | (535)   | 2,507                | 1,329   |
| Prepaid expenses  | (879)                          | 308     | (1,759)              | (675)   |
| Income and other taxes                                    | (484)                          | -       | (339)                | 12      |
| Other   | 406                            | (64)    | 300                  | 144     |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities       | 1,628                          | 6,151   | (238)                | 10,054  |
| Proceeds on sale of property, plant and equipment         | 2                              | -       | 4                    | -       |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment                 | (1,100)                        | (701)   | (4,182)              | (1,129) |
| Net cash used in investing activities                     | (1,098)                        | (701)   | (4,178)              | (1,129) |
| Term loans - advance (repayment)                          | (440)                          | (437)   | (879)                | (730)   |
| Repayment of long-term debt                               | (1,151)                        | (1,071) | (1,627)              | (1,661) |
| Other financing liabilities                               | 54                             | -       | 338                  | (736)   |
| Interest paid   | (421)                          | (327)   | (825)                | (774)   |
| Increase (decrease) of senior revolving facility          | 3,010                          | (3,894) | 11,177               | (3,791) |
| Dividend paid   | (615)                          | (311)   | (1,236)              | (622)   |
| Repurchase of common shares                               | (8)                            | (35)    | (1,357)              | (67)    |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities       | 429                            | (6,075) | 5,591                | (8,381) |
| Effect of exchange rate change on cash                    | (26)                           | 1       | 34                   | (26)    |
| Increase (decrease) in cash                               | 933                            | (624)   | 1,209                | 518     |
| Cash - beginning of period                                | 1,627                          | 2,468   | 1,351                | 1,326   |
| Cash - end of period                                      | 2,560                          | 1,844   | 2,560                | 1,844   |
|   |                                |         |                      |         |

See accompanying Notes to the Interim Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

# 1 NATURE OF BUSINESS

These consolidated financial statements of Tree Island Steel Ltd. ("Tree Island Steel " or the "Company") for the quarter ended June 30, 2017 were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on August 3, 2017.

Tree Island Steel is the successor to Tree Island Wire Income Fund and was incorporated under the laws of Canada on August 2, 2012 to affect the conversion from an income trust to a corporate entity. The units of Tree Island Wire Income Fund were converted into common shares of the Company ("Shares") upon conversion. The Company is headquartered at 3933 Boundary Road, Richmond, British Columbia, Canada and the Shares are publicly traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol TSL.

Tree Island Steel owns 100% of the Shares of Tree Island Industries Ltd. ("TI Canada") (collectively "Tree Island"). TI Canada supplies a diverse range of steel wire and fabricated steel wire products to customers in Canada, the United States, and internationally.

# 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements as at and for the three month and six months ended June 30, 2017 have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, "Interim Financial Reporting". They should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2016 and do not include all information required for the full annual financial statements. Certain comparative information has been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted during the period.

# 3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The accounting policies, methods of application and critical judgements and estimates used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are consistent with those disclosed in the annual consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2016.

# 4 FUTURE IFRS STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

Tree Island prepares its financial statements in accordance with IFRS standards. IASB has issued several new standards that will come into effect over the next two years that may have an impact on the Company's reporting requirements. Tree Island is in the process of assessing whether there will be any significant changes to its consolidated financial statements upon adoption of these new standards, interpretations or amendments. The new standards that may have an impact on the Company's reporting requirements include:

### **IFRS 9 Financial Instruments**

The IASB issued IFRS 9 as a first step in the process to replace IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*. IFRS 9 introduces new requirements for classifying and measuring financial assets, and could affect Tree Island's accounting for its financial assets. The standard is required to be adopted for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted.

### **IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers**

IFRS 15 was issued in May 2014 and establishes a new five-step model that will apply to revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017 and 2016

consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The principles in IFRS 15 provide a more structured approach to measuring and recognising revenue. The new revenue standard is applicable to all entities and will supersede all current revenue recognition requirements under IFRS. Either a full or modified retrospective application is required for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 with early adoption permitted.

#### **IFRS 16 Leases**

IFRS 16 was issued in January 16, 2016 and provides guidance on how leases are to be recognized, measured, presented and disclosed. The standard provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognize a lease as both an asset and a liability for all leases unless the lease term is twelve (12) months or less or the underlying asset has a low value. This standard is a significant change for how a lessee will recognize a lease from the standard it replaces, IAS 17. The accounting of leases by lessors under the new standard remains substantially unchanged from IAS 17. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 with early application permitted for entities that apply IFRS 15.

The Company has conducted a preliminary review of IFRS 9 and IFRS 15. Based on the Company's current policy for recognizing revenues and its financial instruments, the Company is of the view that the two standards will not result in a significant impact on how the company recognizes and records its revenues and financial instruments. The Company has yet to conclude a preliminary review of the impact of IFRS 16 on its accounting policies and financial statements and cannot at this time conclude whether or not the implementation of IFRS 16 will result in a material impact on how leases are recognized and reported. We will continue to review all three standards, the associated disclosure requirements, our method of adoption for each of the standards and any additional changes, modifications, clarifications or interpretations undertaken by the IASB subsequent to June 30, 2017 to complete our comprehensive evaluation of the impacts of the standards on our consolidated financial statements. At this time, the Company does not plan to adopt any of the new standards early and will adopt each one of the standards on the respective effective dates.

# **5 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

Below is the composition and aging of Tree Island's accounts receivable:

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

|                                 | As at June 30, | As at December 31, |
|---------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|
|                                 | 2017           | 2016               |
|                                 |                |                    |
| Current                         | 28,228         | 22,205             |
| 30 - 60 days past due           | 1,425          | 772                |
| 61 - 90 days past due           | 605            | 354                |
| Over 91 days past due           | 1,900          | 1,391              |
| Total accounts receivable       | 32,158         | 24,722             |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (262)_         | (259)              |
| Net accounts receivable         | 31,896         | 24,463             |
|                                 |                |                    |

Accounts receivable are non-interest bearing and are generally due on 30-day to 90-day terms. These terms are consistent for related party receivables as disclosed in Note 12. The maximum credit risk that Tree Island was exposed to by way of its accounts receivable is equal to the net amount of \$31.9 million as at June 30, 2017 (\$24.5 million as at December 31, 2016).

At the end of each reporting period, a review of the provision for bad and doubtful accounts is performed. It is an assessment of the potential amount of trade accounts receivable that will be paid by customers after the consolidated statements of financial position date. The assessment is made by reference to age, status and risk of each receivable, current economic conditions and historical information. The trade accounts receivable balance is

reduced through the use of the allowance for doubtful accounts and the amount of the loss is recognized in the consolidated statement of operations. Reversals to the allowance for doubtful accounts occur when previously allowed for trade accounts receivable are collected. Individual trade accounts receivable, together with any associated allowance previously recognized, are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery. Accounts receivables with related parties are discussed in Note 12.1.

The following table represents a summary of the movement of the allowance for doubtful accounts:

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

|                                       | As at June 30,<br>2017 | As at December 31,<br>2016 |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
|                                       |                        | 2010                       |
| Opening balance – beginning of period | 259                    | 189                        |
| Additions during the period           | 8                      | 148                        |
| Reversals during the period           | -                      | (15)                       |
| Payments                              | -                      | (7)                        |
| Write-offs during the period          | -                      | (57)                       |
| Foreign exchange revaluation          | (5)                    | 1                          |
| Closing balance – end of period       | 262                    | 259                        |

See Note 15 on credit risk of trade receivables to understand how credit quality of accounts receivable that are neither past due nor impaired are managed and measured.

# **6 INVENTORIES**

At each period end, the ending inventories on hand are reviewed to determine if a write down to net realizable value is required. Based on this review, it was determined that no write downs were necessary in three and six months periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. The reserve for slow moving inventory as at June 30, 2017 was \$1.7 million (\$2.4 million at June 30, 2016).

Tree Island had the following categories of inventory:

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

|                                     | As at June 30,<br>2017 | As at December 31, 2016 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Raw materials                       | 21,375                 | 21,805                  |
| Finished and semi-finished products | 32,492                 | 32,809                  |
| Consumable supplies and spare parts | 13,177                 | 12,654                  |
| Total inventory                     | 67,044                 | 67,268                  |

For the three month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, Tree Island recognized, in income, inventory costs for the following:

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

|                                     | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |          | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, |          |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|------------------------------|----------|
|                                     | <u>2017</u>                    | 2016     | 2017                         | 2016     |
| Opening inventory                   | 51,051                         | 44,317   | 54,467                       | 45,187   |
| Raw material purchases              | 32,741                         | 27,275   | 58,518                       | 51,050   |
| Finished goods purchased for resale | 2,571                          | 2,486    | 4,166                        | 4,719    |
| Conversion costs                    | 22,757                         | 22,554   | 46,697                       | 46,081   |
| Closing inventory                   | (54,426)                       | (43,599) | (54,426)                     | (43,599) |
| Cost of sales                       | 54,694                         | 53,033   | 109,422                      | 103,438  |

# 7 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The net book value of the Company's property, plant and equipment is detailed below:

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

| ,                            | Land & Improvement | Building &<br>Improvement | Machinery &<br>Equipment | Capital in<br>Progress | Total   |
|------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|---------|
|                              |                    | ,                         | 4-1-                     | .0                     |         |
| Cost                         |                    |                           |                          |                        |         |
| As at December 31, 2015      | 9,650              | 41,863                    | 28,472                   | 1,815                  | 81,800  |
| Additions                    | 243                | 3,723                     | 3,103                    | (734)                  | 6,335   |
| Disposals                    | -                  | (1,924)                   | (1,732)                  | -                      | (3,656) |
| Foreign exchange translation | (58)               | (230)                     | (293)                    | (5)                    | (586)   |
| As at December 31, 2016      | 9,835              | 43,432                    | 29,550                   | 1,076                  | 83,893  |
| Additions                    | -                  | 204                       | 939                      | 3,606                  | 4,749   |
| Disposals                    | -                  | -                         | (208)                    | -                      | (208)   |
| Foreign exchange translation | (71)               | (287)                     | (253)                    | (19)                   | (630)   |
| As at June 30, 2017          | 9,764              | 43,349                    | 30,028                   | 4,663                  | 87,804  |
|                              |                    |                           |                          |                        |         |
| Depreciation and impairment  |                    |                           |                          |                        |         |
| As at December 31, 2015      | -                  | 32,201                    | 11,886                   | -                      | 44,087  |
| Depreciation for the period  | 8                  | 1,133                     | 2,178                    | -                      | 3,319   |
| Disposals                    | -                  | (1,911)                   | (936)                    | -                      | (2,847) |
| Foreign exchange translation |                    | (170)                     | (107)                    |                        | (277)   |
| As at December 31, 2016      | 8                  | 31,253                    | 13,021                   | -                      | 44,282  |
| Depreciation for the period  | 8                  | 617                       | 1,012                    | -                      | 1,637   |
| Disposals                    | -                  | -                         | (159)                    | -                      | (159)   |
| Foreign exchange translation | 8                  | (140)                     | (144)                    | -                      | (276)   |
| As at June 30, 2017          | 24                 | 31,730                    | 13,730                   | -                      | 45,484  |
|                              |                    |                           |                          |                        |         |
| Net book value as at         | 0.55-              | 10.4-0                    | 46 500                   | 4.076                  | 20.64   |
| December 31, 2016            | 9,827              | 12,179                    | 16,529                   | 1,076                  | 39,611  |
| June 30, 2017                | 9,740              | 11,619                    | 16,298                   | 4,663                  | 42,320  |

The carrying value of long-lived assets is reviewed each reporting period. For the purposes of testing for impairment, or the reversal of impairment, Tree Island Steel's assets are grouped and tested at the CGU level. Tree Island considers both qualitative and quantitative factors when determining whether an asset may be impaired, or when a

reversal of impairment is required. Where the carrying value of the assets is not expected to be recoverable from future cash flows, they are written down to their recoverable amount. Tree Island has noted no indicators of impairment for this reporting period.

### 8 SENIOR CREDIT FACILITY

On April 21, 2014 the Company renewed its senior banking facility with Wells Fargo Capital Finance Corporation Canada ("Wells Fargo"). The five year senior secured committed banking facility (the "Senior Credit Facility") was increased from \$40 million to \$60 million and matures in April of 2019. Under the terms of the Senior Credit Facility, up to \$60 million may be borrowed for Tree Island's financing requirements in Canadian and/or US dollars. The amount advanced under the Senior Credit Facility at any time is limited to a defined percentage of inventories, accounts receivable, machinery and equipment, and real estate, less certain reserves. The Senior Credit Facility is secured by a first charge over Tree Island's assets supported by the appropriate guarantees, pledges and assignments, and requires that certain covenants be met by Tree Island.

# 8.1 Senior Credit Facility

The Senior Credit Facility includes a \$10.0 million Letter of Credit sub-facility which enables TI Canada and TI USA to open documentary and standby letters of credit for raw material purchases. There was a \$39k Letter of Credit outstanding as at June 30, 2017.

The amount available under the revolving portion of the Senior Credit Facility is limited to the amount of the calculated borrowing base, less issued Letters of Credit, and less principal due under the Senior Term Loan (Note 8.2). The borrowing base is calculated as 90% of eligible receivables, plus the lesser of (a) 90% of the net orderly liquidation value of inventory and (b) 64% of eligible inventory.

Interest payable on funds borrowed in Canadian currency is at variable rates based on the Canadian interbank bid rates for Canadian dollar banker's acceptance and interest payable on funds borrowed in US currency is at variable rates based on the London Inter-Market Offered Rate ("Libor") for US dollar deposits.

The following amounts are outstanding under the revolving portion of the Senior Credit Facility:

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

|   | As at June 30,<br>2017 | As at December 31,<br>2016 |
|---|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Revolving portion of the senior credit facility | 40,123                 | 28,941                     |
| Deferred financing costs                        | (169)                  | (114)                      |
| Total   | 39,954                 | 28,827                     |

The revolving portion of the Senior Credit Facility denominated in US dollars as at June 30, 2017 is \$21.9 million (\$12.6 million in 2016).

Deferred financing costs are included in other non-current assets on the statement of consolidated financial position.

The Senior Credit Facility has financial tests and other covenants with which the Company and its subsidiaries must comply. Quarterly, the Company is required to meet a rolling four quarters defined fixed charge coverage ratio of 1:1 ("Availability Test") if the availability on the Senior Credit Facility falls below a required minimum availability. As well, the Senior Credit Facility contains restrictive covenants that limit the discretion of the Company's management with respect to certain business matters. These covenants place restrictions on, among other things, the ability of the Company's operating subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness, to create liens or other encumbrances, to

pay dividends or make certain other payments, investments, loans and guarantees and to sell or otherwise dispose of assets and merge or consolidate with another entity.

As at June 30, 2017, the availability was in excess of the Availability Test and the Company was in compliance with its financial covenants on the Senior Credit Facility.

### 8.2 Senior Term Loans

Under the terms of the Senior Credit Facility, the Company has the option to designate portions of the total \$60 million facility as one or more term loans (individually referred to as a "Senior Term Loan" and collectively as "Senior Term Loans"), denominated in either Canadian or US dollars. The Company currently has three Senior Term Loans applied against the Senior Credit Facility, two of which are denominated in Canadian dollars and the other is denominated in US dollars.

The following amounts are outstanding under the Senior Term Loans:

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

| ·                                       | As at June 30,<br>2017 | As at December 31, 2016 |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Senior term loans - beginning of period | 12,369                 | 14,031                  |
| Foreign exchange revaluation            | (39)                   | (54)                    |
| Payments                                | (879)                  | (1,608)                 |
| Senior term loans - end of period       | 11,451                 | 12,369                  |
| Less: current portion                   | (1,750)                | (1,757)                 |
| Total                                   | 9,701                  | 10,612                  |

# 9 LONG-TERM DEBT

The elements of the long-term debt are listed below:

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

| 2017 2                             | 2016 |
|------------------------------------|------|
|                                    |      |
|                                    |      |
| Beginning of period 10,256 12,     | ,139 |
| Payments (1,632) (2,632)           | 615) |
| Foreign exchange revaluation (279) | 415) |
| Accretion of debt discount 549 1,  | ,147 |
| End of period 8,894 10,            | ,256 |
| Less: current portion (2,517)      | 604) |
| Net long-term debt 6,377 7,        | ,652 |

In June of 2012, the Company entered into long-term debt agreements with a trade creditor. The repayment schedule of the long-term debt extends to June 2028. The principal is payable over a 10 year amortization period. The interest is non-compounding interest at 4% and commences accruing June 2017 and will become payable monthly over 4 years commencing June 2024. Principal payments, which started in 2009, are monthly in the amounts of US\$100k in years 1 and 2, US\$110k in years 3 and 4, US\$120k in years 5, 6 and 7, and US\$190k in years 8, 9 and 10. Present value of the debt was determined using discounted cash flows and a credit adjusted discount rate of 9%. The discount rate, together with the stated interest, comprises the debt discount. Using the effective interest rate

method, the debt discount is amortized as accretion and charged to interest expense over the term of the amended long-term debt agreements.

The amounts owing under the long-term debts are denominated in US dollars.

# **10 FINANCING EXPENSES**

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

|  | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |             |             |             | Six Months<br>June 30 |  |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|--|
|  | <u>2017</u>                    | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2016</u> |                       |  |
| Non-cash accretion of debt discount and interest |                                |             |             |             |                       |  |
| on long term debt                                | 291                            | 286         | 579         | 587         |                       |  |
| Interest on senior credit facility               | 252                            | 155         | 485         | 355         |                       |  |
| Other interest and financing costs               | 170                            | 268         | 348         | 471         |                       |  |
| Amortization of deferred financing costs         | 12                             | 12          | 24          | 24          |                       |  |
| Total  | 725                            | 721         | 1,436       | 1,437       |                       |  |

# 11 SHAREHOLDERS' CAPITAL

Tree Island is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Shares. The Shares have no par value. There were no Shares issued and 322,300 Shares were cancelled in the six months ended June 30, 2017. Shares issued and outstanding are as follows:

(\$'000 except for Shares)

|   |            |         | Issuance          |         |
|---|------------|---------|-------------------|---------|
|   | Shares     | Gross   | Cost <sup>6</sup> | Net     |
| Shareholders' capital - December 31, 2015 | 31,105,673 | 241.968 | 11,400            | 230,568 |
| Repurchase of common shares               | (41,100)   | (145)   | -                 | (145)   |
| Shareholders' capital - December 31, 2016 | 31,064,573 | 241,823 | 11,400            | 230,423 |
| Repurchase of common shares               | (322,300)  | (1,357) | -                 | (1,357) |
| Shareholders' capital - June 30, 2017     | 30,742,273 | 240,466 | 11,400            | 229,066 |
|   |            |         |                   |         |

# 11.1 NORMAL COURSE ISSUER BID

The Company renewed its normal course issuer bid (the "Bid"), effective as of September 21, 2016, to purchase up to 1,610,000 Shares. The expiration date of the normal course issuer bid is September 20, 2017 or at an earlier date should Tree Island complete its purchases. Tree Island has no obligation to purchase any Shares under the Bid.

For the period January 1, 2017 to June 30, 2017 the Company purchased 322,300 Shares under the Bid at a total cost of \$1.4 million (at an average price of \$4.21 per Share). All 322,300 Shares were cancelled prior to June 30, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Issuance costs were incurred as a result of the November 2002 Initial Public Offering and October 2004 Secondary Offering.

# 12 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

### 12.1 TRANSACTIONS WITH ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

The Futura Corporation ("Futura") is considered to be a related party to the Company because of its Share ownership interest and the fact that Mr. Doman, the sole shareholder and president of Futura, and Mr. Rosenfeld, the Executive Vice President of Futura, sit on the Board of Directors.

Based on Tree Island Steel's outstanding Shares as at August 3, 2017, Futura owns 27.8% of the fully diluted Shares of the Company.

In addition, Mr. Doman is Chairman and CEO of CanWel Building Materials Group Ltd. ("CanWel"). For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, Tree Island sold, net of rebates, approximately \$0.7 million and \$2.0 million respectively (\$0.7 million and \$1.7 million respectively in 2016) of goods to CanWel and trade accounts receivable owing from CanWel as at June 30, 2017 is approximately \$0.2 million (approximately \$0.1 million in 2016). Outstanding trade accounts receivable from CanWel at period end are unsecured, interest free and settlement occurs in cash.

### 12.2 TRANSACTIONS WITH KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

Included in the definition of key management for purposes of disclosure of related party transactions are members of Board of Directors and officers of Tree Island Steel. Amounts for key management personnel for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 was approximately \$0.5 million and \$1.6 million respectively (approximately \$0.4 and \$1.8 million respectively in 2016) which includes wages, salaries, other compensation paid in the period (if any) and social security contributions, paid annual and sick leave, vehicle costs and bonuses. It also includes directors' fees paid to members of the Board.

### 13 INCOME TAXES

A provision for income taxes is recognized for Tree Island Steel, TII and its wholly owned subsidiaries.

# 13.1 INCOME TAX RECOVERY (EXPENSE)

The income tax recovery (expense) is divided between current and deferred taxes as follows:

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

|   | Three Months Ended Six I |             | Six Months<br>June 30 |             |
|---|--------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|
|   | <u>2017</u>              | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u>           | <u>2016</u> |
| Current tax recovery (expense)                | 239                      | -           | (2)                   | (12)        |
| Deferred tax recovery (expense)               | (555)                    | (330)       | (1,187)               | (711)       |
| Total recorded in the Statement of Operations | (316)                    | (330)       | (1,189)               | (723)       |

# 14 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### 14.1 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Tree Island records certain of its financial instruments at fair value using various techniques. These include estimates of fair values based on prevailing market rates (bid and ask prices, as appropriate) for instruments with similar characteristics and risk profiles or internal or external valuation models, such as discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models, using, to the extent possible, observable market-based inputs.

The fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- Cash, accounts receivable, the revolving portion of the senior credit facility and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term nature of these instruments;
- Fair value on the Company's senior term loan, and long-term debt are based on estimated market interest
  rate on similar borrowings. The fair value of the senior term loan approximate fair value as the interest
  rates approximate market. A one percent (1%) change in the market interest rate would change the fair
  value of long term debt by \$0.3 million;
- Fair value of the forward exchange forward contracts are estimated using observable foreign exchange spot
  and forward rates. The Company does not consider interest rates or the credit quality of counterparties as
  significant inputs to the valuation.

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

|   | As at<br>June 30, 2017 |                   | As<br>December |                   |
|---|------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| •   | Carrying               |                   | Carrying       |                   |
|   | <u>Amount</u>          | <u>Fair Value</u> | <u>Amount</u>  | <u>Fair Value</u> |
| Cash and cash investments                       | 2,560                  | 2,560             | 1,351          | 1,351             |
| Accounts receivable                             | 31,896                 | 31,896            | 24,463         | 24,463            |
| Commodity purchase contract embedded derivative | 509                    | 509               | -              | -                 |
| Total financial assets                          | 34,965                 | 34,965            | 25,814         | 25,814            |
| Senior revolving facility                       | 40,123                 | 40,123            | 28,941         | 28,941            |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities        | 18,391                 | 18,391            | 15,363         | 15,363            |
| Senior term loans                               | 11,451                 | 11,451            | 12,368         | 12,368            |
| Long-term debt                                  | 8,894                  | 8,742             | 10,256         | 9,750             |
| Foreign exchange forward contracts              | 269                    | 269               | -              | -                 |
| Total financial liabilities                     | 79,128                 | 78,976            | 66,928         | 66,422            |

### 14.2 FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

The financial instruments have been categorized on a fair value hierarchy based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable (inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources) or unobservable (inputs reflect the Company's market assumptions).

The three levels of fair value estimation are:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable; and
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

The following table summarizes the classification of the Company's financial assets (indicated by parentheses in the table below) and liabilities into three levels based upon a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

|   | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|
|   |         |         | _       |
| Senior revolving facility                       | -       | 40,123  | -       |
| Senior term loans                               | -       | 11,451  | -       |
| Long-term debt                                  | -       | -       | 8,742   |
| Commodity purchase contract embedded derivative | -       | (509)   | -       |
| Foreign exchange forward contract               | -       | 269     | -       |

A description of significant observable inputs to valuation of financial instruments measured at fair value and classified as level 2 or 3 in the fair value hierarchy is noted below:

| Item           | Valuation<br>Technique | Significant Observable Inputs | Sensitivity of the input to fair value   |
|----------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Long-term debt | DCF                    | Change in discount rate       | A 1% increase (decrease) in the discount rate will result in a decrease (increase) in fair value of approximately \$293k |

### 15 RISK EXPOSURE AND MANAGEMENT

Tree Island is exposed to various risks associated with its financial instruments. These risks are categorized as credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

### 15.1 CREDIT RISK

Credit risk consists of credit losses arising in the event of non-payment of accounts receivable of customer accounts. However, the credit risk is minimized through selling to well-established customers of high-credit quality. The credit worthiness of customers is assessed using credit scores supplied by a third party and through direct monitoring of their financial well-being on a continual basis. Management establishes guidelines for customer credit limits and should thresholds in these areas be reached, appropriate precautions are taken to improve collectability. Provisions for potential credit losses (allowance for doubtful accounts) are maintained and any such losses to date have been within management's expectations.

# **15.2 LIQUIDITY RISK**

Liquidity arises from our financial obligations and in the management of our assets, liabilities and capital structure. This risk is managed by regular evaluation of our liquid financial resources to fund current and long-term obligations and to meet its capital commitments in a cost-effective manner.

The main factors that affect liquidity include realized sales prices, production levels, cash production costs, working capital requirements, future capital expenditure requirements, scheduled payments on financial liabilities and lease obligations, credit capacity and expected future debt and equity capital market conditions.

Liquidity requirements are met through a variety of sources including cash balances on hand, cash generated from operations, existing credit facilities, and debt and equity capital markets. Management monitors and manages liquidity risk by preparing annual budgets, monthly projections to the end of the fiscal year and regular monitoring of financial liabilities against the constraints of the available revolving credit facilities.

The table below summarizes the future undiscounted contractual cash flow requirements for financial liabilities (including scheduled interest payments on interest bearing liabilities) as at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

#### (\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

| ,,                                       | Carrying<br>Amount | Contractual<br>Cash Flow | Less Than<br>1 Year | 1 – 2<br>Years | Greater Than<br>2 Years |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------------------|
|  | 7.111001110        |                          |                     |                |                         |
| Senior revolving facility                | 40,123             | 40,123                   | 40,123              | -              | -                       |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 18,391             | 18,391                   | 18,391              | -              | -                       |
| Senior term loans                        | 11,451             | 11,451                   | 1,750               | 3,500          | 6,201                   |
| Long-term debt                           | 8,894              | 16,820                   | 2,517               | 4,328          | 9,975                   |
| As at June 30, 2017                      | 78,859             | 86,785                   | 62,781              | 7,828          | 16,176                  |
|  |                    |                          |                     |                |                         |
| Senior revolving facility                | 28,941             | 28,941                   | 28,941              | -              | -                       |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 15,363             | 15,363                   | 15,363              | -              | -                       |
| Senior term loans                        | 12,368             | 12,368                   | 1,756               | 3,532          | 7,080                   |
| Long-term debt                           | 10,256             | 15,984                   | 2,604               | 4,477          | 8,903                   |
| As at December 31, 2016                  | 66,928             | 72,656                   | 48,664              | 8,009          | 15,983                  |

### 15.3 FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

The significant market risk exposures affecting the financial instruments are those related to foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. For the period ending June 30, 2017, a \$0.01 increase (decrease) in the Canadian dollar to US dollar exchange rate will increase (decrease) net comprehensive income by \$0.3 million.

Tree Island's US dollar-denominated cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, Senior Credit Facility and long-term debt are exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risk because the value of these financial instruments will fluctuate with changes in the US/Canadian dollar exchange rate. The Company enters into US dollar currency forward contracts for periods consistent with a portion of US dollar currency transaction exposures, generally from one to three months. These are not designated as cash flow, fair value or net investment hedges. As of June 30, 2017, the total notional value of US dollar currency forward contracts outstanding was US\$4.7 million and the fair value mark to market loss on the contracts was \$269k.

#### 15.4 INTEREST RATE RISK

Tree Island is exposed to interest rate risk on its Senior Credit Facility, which is further discussed in Note 8. A one percent increase in the interest rates charged on the Senior Credit Facility would increase financing expenses by \$0.5 million annually. Tree Island does not use derivative instruments to manage the interest rate risk.

### 15.5 RAW MATERIAL PRICE RISK

Tree Island is exposed to changes in the price of the materials used in its production process and, from time to time, enters into contracts to purchase a portion of the zinc to be used. These are not designated as cash flow, fair value or net investment hedges. As of June 30, 2017 the fair value of zinc forward contracts was a notional amount of \$4.4 million and the mark to market gain on the contracts was \$0.5 million.

# **16 MANAGEMENT OF CAPITAL**

The Company's objectives when managing its capital are:

- To maintain a capital base so as to preserve and enhance investor, creditor, and market confidence and to sustain viability and future development of the business; and
- To manage capital in a manner that will comply with the financial covenants on the Senior Credit Facility, term loan and long-term debt agreements as described further in Notes 8.1, 8.2 and 9.

Management manages the capital structure in accordance with these objectives, as well as considerations given to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets, in particular by close monitoring of cash flows and compliance with external debt covenants.

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

|                            | As at June 30, 2017 | As at December 31, 2016 |
|----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Total shareholders' equity | 68,150              | 68,573                  |
| Senior revolving facility  | 40,123              | 28,941                  |
| Senior term loans          | 11,451              | 12,369                  |
| Long-term debt             | 8,894               | 10,256                  |
| Total capital              | 128,618             | 120,139                 |

### 17 NET INCOME PER SHARE

The following reflects the income and Share data used in the basic and diluted earnings per Share computations:

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

|  | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |            | Six Month<br>June |             |
|--|--------------------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------|
|  | <u>2017</u>                    | 2016       | <u>2017</u>       | <u>2016</u> |
| Net income for the period                      | 735                            | 6,360      | 2,485             | 11,587      |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding: | 30,743,312                     | 31,098,136 | 30,884,026        | 31,096,596  |
| Net income per share (\$/share)                | 0.02                           | 0.20       | 0.08              | 0.37        |

Basic earnings per Share amounts are calculated by dividing net income for the year by the weighted average number of Shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per Share amounts, if applicable, are calculated by dividing the net income for the year (after adjusting for interest and accretion, net of tax) by the weighted average number of Shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of Shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential units into Shares. As at June 30, 2017 the Company does not have any instruments issued that could be dilutive.

The company has repurchased and cancelled 322,300 Shares in the six months ended June 30, 2017 (Note 11).

### 18 PROVISIONS AND COMMITMENTS

# **18.1 LITIGATION AND CLAIMS**

Tree Island is party to certain legal actions and claims, none of which individually, or in the aggregate, is expected to have a material adverse effect on its financial position, statement of operations or cash flows.

### **18.2 PURCHASE COMMITMENTS**

As at June 30, 2017, Tree Island's wholly owned subsidiaries have committed to production material purchases (including finished goods) totalling \$30.9 million (\$39.2 million – June 30, 2016) and capital equipment purchase commitments of \$4.0 million. The committed product material purchase and capital equipment purchases are to be delivered before the end of fiscal 2017 and are in the normal course of our business activity.

### 19 SEGMENTED INFORMATION

# 19.1 MARKET SEGMENTS

Revenues for each group for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

|               | Three Months Ended June 30, |             | Six Months Ended | l June 30,  |
|---------------|-----------------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|
|               | <u>2017</u>                 | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u>      | <u>2016</u> |
| Industrial    | 22,070                      | 20,639      | 43,941           | 40,470      |
| Residential   | 18,686                      | 21,032      | 38,731           | 39,752      |
| Commercial    | 12,192                      | 12,090      | 22,389           | 22,542      |
| Agricultural  | 8,507                       | 7,467       | 19,434           | 16,595      |
| Specialty     | -                           | 4,156       | -                | 8,265       |
| Total revenue | 61,455                      | 65,384      | 124,495          | 127,624     |

Tree Island operates primarily within one industry, the steel wire products industry, with no separately reportable operating segments. Tree Island groups its products into the following: industrial, residential construction, commercial construction and agricultural. No one customer is more than 10% of total revenue.

On September 30, 2016, the Company's stainless product lines and its related machinery, equipment and business assets were divested to a third party. The stainless product lines were included in the specialty market. Sales of specialty products not included as part of the divestiture of the stainless business has been reclassified as industrial products for 2017 and for 2016 for comparative purposes.

# **19.2 GEOGRAPHIC SEGMENTS**

The products are sold primarily to customers in the United States and Canada and are attributed to geographic areas based on the location of customers:

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

|               | Three Months Ende | Three Months Ended June 30, |             | l June 30,  |
|---------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|
|               | <u>2017</u>       | <u>2016</u>                 | <u>2017</u> | <u>2016</u> |
| United States | 39,088            | 42,464                      | 76,386      | 82,456      |
| Canada        | 19,724            | 21,170                      | 43,249      | 41,300      |
| International | 2,643             | 1,750                       | 4,860       | 3,868       |
| Total revenue | 61,455            | 65,384                      | 124,495     | 127,624     |

Non-current assets for this purpose consist of property, plant and equipment and other non-current assets. These assets are attributed to geographic areas based on the locations of the subsidiary company owning the assets.

(\$'000 unless otherwise stated)

|                          | June 30, 2017 | December 31, 2016 |
|--------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
|                          | ·             |                   |
| United States            | 13,078        | 11,154            |
| Canada                   | 29,411        | 28,571            |
| Total non-current assets | 42,489        | 39,725            |

# SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

TREE ISLAND STEEL LTD.

# **Board of Directors:**

Amar S. Doman – Chairman of the Board

Dale R. MacLean

Peter Bull

Harry Rosenfeld

Michael Fitch

Sam Fleiser

Theodore A. Leja

Joe Downes

# **Leadership Team:**

Dale R. MacLean
President and Chief
Executive Officer

Remy Stachowiak

Chief Operating Officer

Nancy Davies Chief Financial Officer and Vice President, Finance

James Miller
Vice President, Corporate
Development and
Procurement

### **Shares:**

**Market Information** 

Tree Island Steel Ltd., is listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange trading symbol: TSL.

Registrar and Transfer Agent

Computershare Investor Services Inc.

# **Corporate Head Office:**

3933 Boundary Road Richmond, B.C. Canada, V6V 1T8

# Website:

www.treeisland.com

### **Investor Relations:**

Ali Mahdavi Investor Relations (416)-962-3300 or amahdavi@treeisland.com

# **Auditors:**

Ernst & Young LLP Vancouver, B.C.

